

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claims 1 and 7 as follows and cancel claims 2 and 3 without prejudice.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for forming protected routes, each route comprising two separate paths in a communications network, which network comprises several functional layers on top of one another, each layer forming demands for protected routes in the layers below, wherein the forming comprises:

routing the layers from bottom to up in a way that the layer under formation is routed into the layer below the layer under formation, starting from the layer above the bottom layer, and finishing when the top layer is routed into the layer below the top layer, each routing in turn taking into account the protection demands, and taking into account the routing possibilities in the layer below,

wherein after each routing of the layer under formation, the routings of the layers below are changed, if needed, in a way that the first below layer is routed first again, and the second below layer second,

wherein the routing is continued until there is no need to route again.

2- 3. (Cancelled).

4. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the taking of the demands into account comprises taking into account the demands from the layer under formation and from the layers above the layer under formation.

5. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the routing under formation comprises the step of:

a: finding the two shortest routes from the all route candidates, each route formed by transmission lines one after the other, each transmission line having a weight describing the length of the transmission line, and all transmission lines to marked as unprotected, reliable, or protected,

b: fixing one of the found routes,

c: calculating new weights for the transmission lines which are common to both the found routes by adding a penalty weight to the weights of the common transmission lines,

d: finding a new shortest route for the route which is not fixed,

e: repeating c and d phases until the last route found is no better than the route found before.

6. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 4, wherein taking into account the routing possibilities in the layer below comprises forming a sublayer which describes possibilities for protected routes, the forming comprising the steps of:

taking all nodes from the layer below the layer under formation into the sublayer,
taking reliable and protected transmission lines from the layer below the layer
under formation into the sublayer,
forming a new transmission line between each pair of the nodes where can be
found two separate routes in the layer below the layer under formation,
using the sublayer when routing the layer under formation in a way that the
sublayer represents the layer below the layer under formation.

7. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 21, wherein the taking of
the demands into account comprises taking into account the demands from the layer
under formation and from the layers above the layer under formation, and changing the
routing under formation comprises the step of:

a: fixing all existing routes except the route which is desired to change, b:
calculating, for the transmission lines, which are desired to keep separate
from the transmission line whose route is desired to change, each transmission line
having a weight describing the length of the transmission line, new weights, by adding a
penalty weight to the weights of the transmission lines, which are desired to keep
separate,
c: finding a new shortest route for the link whose route is not fixed,
d: repeating a, b and c phases until the last route found is no better than the route
found before.